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## THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE, RUSSIA, AND EASTERN EUROPE

## **Section 2 Quiz**

## A. Terms, People, and Places

*Fill in the blank in each sentence with the letter of a word, name, or phrase from the box. Not all the terms in the box will be used. Each answer can be used only once.* 

a. steppe	<b>d.</b> Golden Horde	f. tsar
<b>b.</b> Kiev	e. Ivan the Great	<b>g.</b> Ivan the Terrible
<b>c.</b> Cyrillic		

- 1. Following the death of \_\_\_\_\_, Russia was filled with unrest.
- **2.** The Russian language is written in the \_\_\_\_\_ alphabet.
- **3.** The Mongols who invaded Russia were known as the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Ivan III sometimes referred to himself as \_\_\_\_\_, the Russian word for Caesar.
- 5. Russia's \_\_\_\_\_, or open grassland, offered no barrier to migration.

## B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

6.	Russia's rivers linked early Russians to		
	a. Western Europe.	c. China	
	<b>b.</b> the Roman empire.	<b>d.</b> the Byzantine empire.	
7.	What Russian city was at the center of a vital trade network?		
	a. Kiev	c. Rurik	
	<b>b.</b> Novgorod	d. Byzantium	
8.	<ul><li>Which event occurred during the rule of the Mongols in Russia?</li><li>a. Kiev became the spiritual center of the Orthodox Church.</li></ul>		
	<b>b.</b> The princes of Moscow gained power and influence.		
	<ul><li>c. Ivan the Terrible created the secret police.</li><li>d. Vikings, or Varangians, founded the capital of Novgorod.</li></ul>		
9.	How did Mongol rule affect Russia's	relations with Western Europe?	
	<b>a.</b> It isolated Russia from European advances in science and art.	<b>c.</b> It spread Orthodox Christianity.	
	<b>b.</b> It spread Russian learning.	<b>d.</b> It led to war with the West.	
10.	What tradition did Ivan the Terrible introduce that shaped Russian histo into the twentieth century?		
	<b>a.</b> a longing to join Western Europe		
	<b>b.</b> conflict with India		
	<b>c.</b> extreme absolute power		
	<b>d</b> . friendship with Scandinavia		